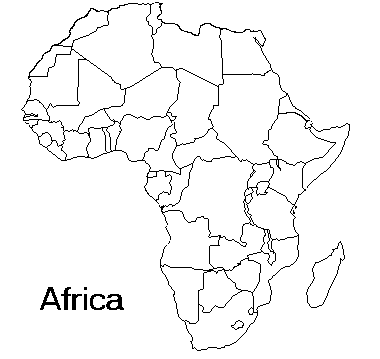
Introduction to Africa Map



Countries to know: Features to know:

* Democratic Republic of the Congo - Nile River
* Egypt - Atlas Mountains
* Kenya - Congo River
* Sudan
* South Africa
* South Sudan
* Nigeria

Introduction to Africa Note Frames

1. Environmental Issues
   1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, fertilizers, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, storm runoff, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and manufacturing byproducts all contribute to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
   2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ places in Africa have plumbing for water or sanitations to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ drinking water.
2. The Sahara Desert in North Africa continues to grow due to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. The three reasons for desertification are:
   1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
   2. Poor \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ practices
   3. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
3. Where do people live?
   1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_: people are usually nomads here
   2. Sahel: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ zone from Sahara to the Rainforest
   3. Savanna: rolling \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ with scattered trees and shrubs where most people live along the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ or the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ River.
   4. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_: lush plant life with a wide variety of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
4. Religions in Africa
   1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ - Ethnic group living in western Africa. They believe in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ - plants, animals, and trees have souls.
   2. Bantu- Beliefs based on culture and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. Approximately \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ African languages have Bantu roots.
   3. Swahili- Include all \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ living in a narrow strip from Kenya to Tanzania. They usually have a high \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
5. Education
   1. About 85% of Kenyans attending \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. In \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Kenya, only about \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of the children attend school.
   2. In \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, education has suffered because of their civil war.
6. Apartheid
   1. South Africa was colonized by the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the 17th century.
   2. In \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, the apartheid separated the country into whites and non-whites.
   3. In May 1961, the South Africans voted for and gained their \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ from Britain. It took many protests and powerful leaders for this to occur.
7. Nelson Mandela
   1. A leader in the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ African National Congress (ANC) who was arrested in 1962.
   2. He was sentenced to life in prison in 1964 for \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
   3. He emerged as the international symbol of resistance to apartheid, and the world community demanded his \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
   4. President de Klerk ended the ban on the ANC and released some political prisoners, including \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.