**Review Sheet for Benchmark 4**

1. Which country has a command economy? North Korea
2. Why is it difficult for China to feed its 1.3 billion people? Only 10% arable land
3. In which country (not North Korea or China) does the government control almost all aspects of the country’s economy? Saudi Arabia
4. Where do the most people live in Southern Asia? New Delhi, India
5. What movement tried to get Africans all over the world to unite? Pan Africanism
6. How has the addition of Kenya’s offering free education affected the literacy rate in Kenya? Increased literacy rate
7. What is a result of a country’s investing in more industry, capital goods, greater production, and large amounts of foreign investment? Economic growth or increased GDP
8. Which country in Africa has a presidential democracy? Kenya
9. Why did Islam divide into two factions after AD 632? Couldn’t agree on who should succeed Muhammad
10. What kind of government and economy does Israel have? Parliamentary democracy, mixed economy
11. What is a major environmental issue in Northern Africa? Lack of water
12. In which type of government does a dictator have complete control? autocracy
13. What are embargoes, tariffs, and quotas examples of? Political Trade barriers
14. What is it called when a rainforest decreases in size? deforestation
15. Which types of religions are followed by the Swahili? Islam and traditional African religions
16. What is the most common religion in India? Hinduism
17. When a country decides to end tariffs on another country’s products, the other country benefits from what? Free trade
18. What kind of government does South Africa currently have? Parliamentary democracy
19. In which form of government do citizens have the least amount of power? Autocracy
20. What major concerns about water do the countries of Southwest Asia have? Scarcity, pollution, unequal distribution
21. How do foreign investors help a country’s economy? Bring money into the country
22. Where do most Southwest Asians live? Near cities, water and oil
23. What type of economy does North Korea have? command
24. By allowing market competition and private ownership, nations like India and Japan encourage people to become…. Entrepreneurs
25. What major environment concern causes great problems for China? Water and air pollution
26. What did the colonization of Africa by the Europeans and the disappointment of Africans not getting independence lead to? nationalism
27. In which form of government do citizens have the most power? democracy
28. Which country remains one of the few absolute monarchies in the world today? Saudi Arabia
29. What type of economy is found in Turkey? Mixed
30. The effects of anti-Semitism, Zionism, and the Holocaust led to the creation of which modern state? Israel
31. Mountains, rivers, deserts, etc. are known as what? Physical or natural trade barriers
32. What kind of educational system does Sudan have? Usually, Boys go to school while girls stay home
33. In which countries do citizens have the least amount of power? China, North Korea and Vietnam
34. What has India gotten more of since moving away from a command economy? Foreign investors
35. In which country would you find the ANC? South Africa
36. What physical feature in Sudan contributes to its crop production and fertile land? The Nile River
37. What happened to oil exports in the early 1970’s? OPEC placed embargoes against the US which caused prices to rise
38. What does attempting to improve the economy by providing better healthcare and education show an investment in? human capital
39. In which part of Africa would you find cattle herders who are not nomadic? savanna
40. People who depend on the Yangtze are most impacted by what? Water pollution
41. Is Ashanti an ethnic or religious group? Ethnic group
42. What happened in 1948 that causes conflict to this day in Southwest Asia? Israel became a nation
43. What is the longest river in the world? The Nile
44. In which country did Ho Chi Minh led a nationalist movement? Vietnam
45. Define *nomads*? People who travel from place to place looking for food and water for themselves and their herds.
46. In which two regions of the world would you find the most Arab peoples? Middle East and northern Africa
47. How does religion influence the government of Saudi Arabia? Laws are based on Islamic Law
48. What is Kenya’s major environmental issue? Illegal killing of animals by hunters
49. Why does international trade involve an exchange rate of currency? Because not all countries have the same currency
50. Why has Japan become one of the wealthiest nations? Mixed market economy based on electronics and cars
51. What happened in China in 1949? Mao Zedong brought communism into China
52. If you spend more money than you have, then you will have what? debt
53. What do we call the uniting of Africans to improve economics and stability for all Africans? Pan Africanism (African Union)
54. Which part of Africa would tourists go to see lions, zebras, and elephants? Savanna
55. What has China done economically to meet the needs of its massive population? Developed a mixed economy and moving more towards market
56. What event showed European’s lack of concern for black Africans during the 19th century? Berlin Conference
57. What is a major environmental concern of Southwest Asia in regard to industrialization? Water pollution