#### **GENOCIDE “Never Again?**”

The deliberate and systematic extermination of a national, racial, political, or cultural group.

**The Rwandan Genocide: A Civil War between the Hutus and the Tutsis**

Between April and June of 1994, an estimated \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Rwandans, from the group known as Tutsis, were killed in the span of 100 days.

**Who are the Hutus & Tutsis?**

* The Hutus and Tutsis are two groups of people that settled in present day Rwanda close to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ years ago.
* Over time they worked together and united.

**Marriage**

* Although there were some families that \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, most Hutus married Hutus and most Tutsis married Tutsis.

**Physical Appearance**

* Because the Hutus and Tutsis did not usually intermarry, their offspring began to develop \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in their features.
* The Tutsis were often very tall, thin, with \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ features, and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ skin.
* The Hutus were often shorter, stronger, with broader features, and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ skin.

**Colonization Continued**

* After WWI, the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ decided that Germany could no longer rule Rwanda.
* The country was now under the safeguards of the United Nations, and it was to be governed by \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**Belgium Brings Further Division**

* Belgium decided to use the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ system (that had already been put into place) to their advantage.
* The Belgians did this because they could \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Rwanda \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ this way.
* The Belgians also favored the Tutsis because they appeared more \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in their tall, slender features. They \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ against the Hutus because they appeared less European.

**Identification Cards**

* After creating laws that gave special \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to the Tutsi, the Belgians ran into a problem… how could they be sure who was a Tutsi and who was a Hutu?
* Physical characteristics identified some, but not all.
* The solution: Have every single citizen register and carry an \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ card.
* If you could not give proof, the Belgians would simply \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ your height and other features.
* Soon the Hutus got tired of this discrimination.

**The Hutus fight the Tutsis**

* Still angry at being repressed and discriminated against for so many years, the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ fight the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. Many Tutsis are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, and many flee Rwanda.

**Will there be peace?**

* Despite a peace accord, the Rwandan president stalls in created a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ government in which the power is shared.
* At the same time, training of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ intensifies.

**A Day that will Live in Infamy**

* April 6, 1994 – President Habyarimana and the president of Burundi, Cyprien Ntaryamira, are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_down in a plane and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
* No one knows who shot down the president’s plane. There are theories that the Hutus did this, and there are theories that the Tutsis did this.
* That night… the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ begins.

**The Genocide**

* The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ militia, at one point 30,000 people strong, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ any Tutsi that came in their path.
* They encouraged regular Hutu \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to do the same.
* In some cases, Hutus were forced to kill their Tutsi \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**The Death Toll**

* In the span of 100 days, an estimated \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Tutsis were slaughtered.
* They were killed primarily with \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
* 100,000 of these were \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_-.
* Where was the help?
	+ While the genocide was going on, the world sat back and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
	+ No \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ or aide was sent by the Americans or any other country.
	+ The victims were left \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for help, but no one came.

**An End to the Genocide**

* As soon as it became apparent to the Hutus that the Tutsis were \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, close to 2 million fled to Zaire (now the Republic of Congo)

**Justice for Genocide**

* The new government of Rwanda continues to seek justice for the innocent murder of close to a million people.
* Many people have been tried in court and found guilty of war crimes.
* 500 have been put to death for their war crimes, and another 100,000 are still in prison!!!

**Genocide in Darfur, Sudan**

**What is happening?**

* In the Darfur region of the African nation of\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, the government has organized a program of ethnic \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, or the *elimination* of a racial group from an area.
* Since 2004, over \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Sudanese men, women and children have been brutally murdered, with thousands raped, and over two million forced to flee their villages.
* This violence has been perpetrated by a government militia known as janjaweed—which means “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”, and their President Omar al-Bashir.

 **Why is this happening**?

1. Discrimination: The government of Sudan is run by \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_-Africans, who consider themselves better than the “black” Africans of Darfur.
2. Resources: The government of Sudan is also interested in the vast amount of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ that exists under Darfur.
3. Power: The government in Sudan is a dictatorship that doesn’t want to give any power to the people of Darfur.

**Why isn’t this being stopped?**

1. Many countries in the world—most notably \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_--get their oil from Sudan. Because of this, these nations hesitate to get involved against the Sudanese.

2. Sudan is also a vast desert nation the size of Europe with very few roads. Because of this distance, it is an easy place to get away with \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.